

OVERVIEW

IOM Pakistan collects data on the outflows of **undocumented Afghan migrants** at the Torkham and Chaman border crossing points in an effort to better understand the migration movements of undocumented Afghan migrants returning to Afghanistan from Pakistan. This exercise is part of the **European Union** funded project “Displacement Tracking Matrix Regional Evidence for Migration Analysis and Policy (DTM REMAP)”.

From 05 December to 18 December 2021, **3,627** undocumented Afghan migrants returned to Afghanistan, including **654** through the Torkham border point and **2,973** through the Chaman border point. During the reporting period, border authorities facilitated the return of **32** individuals due to the lack of legal documentation to remain in Pakistan. Therefore, information concerning these **32** individuals is not included in the report analysis.

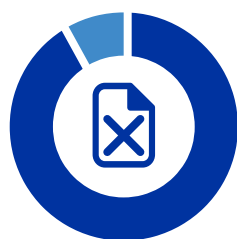
*The Torkham border point has been partially closed since 1 November 2020. The figures represented on the timeline from September 2020 to December 2021 include a data compilation effort between IOM Pakistan and IOM Afghanistan.

HIGHLIGHTS

- During the reporting period, 11% of returnees were categorized as vulnerable persons, mainly chronically ill and elderly.
- In Pakistan, the primary occupations reported by returnees were: unskilled labor (58%), skilled labor (23%), business (17%), salaried job (1%) and student (1%).
- All returnees were carrying household items, cash, personal belongings and productive assets when interviewed. They also travelled with additional items, such as transportation or private vehicles (21%) and Livestock (3%).
- The average cost of travelling from Pakistan to Afghanistan reported was 22,573 PKR per family.
- The top 3 challenges returnees expected to face in Afghanistan were: arranging for livelihoods (27%), settling into a new city (27%) and finding income opportunities (27%).

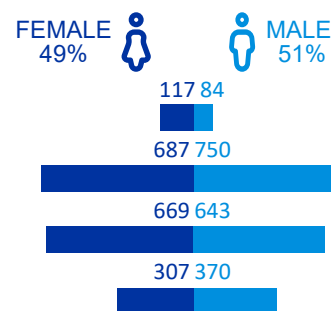
24,874 UNDOCUMENTED AFGHAN RETURNEES AT TORKHAM AND CHAMAN SINCE JANUARY 2021

DISTRIBUTION OF UNDOCUMENTED RETURNEES

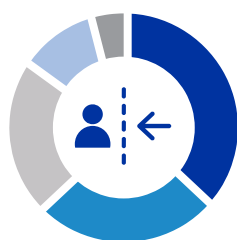


Undocumented family	92%
Family/Individual holding ACC	8%

AGE AND GENDER

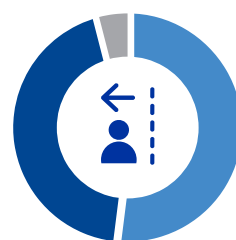


PUSH FACTORS



Unable to pay house rent	37%
Unable to pay utilities	26%
No employment	22%
Business reasons	11%
Fear of arrest/deportation	4%

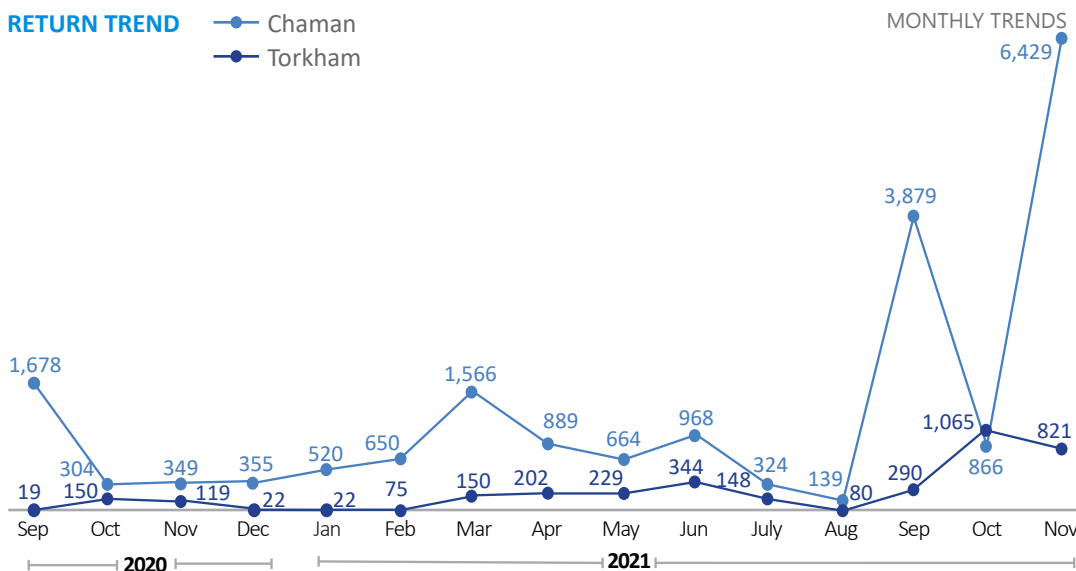
PULL FACTORS



Availability of assistance	52%
Reunion with family	44%
Better security situation	4%

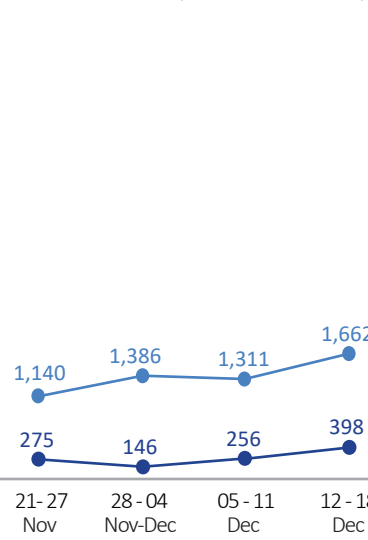
RETURN TREND

● Chaman
● Torkham



MONTHLY TRENDS

WEEKLY TRENDS (LAST FOUR WEEKS)



BI-WEEKLY FLOW MONITORING REPORT: SPONTANEOUS RETURN OF UNDOCUMENTED AFGHAN MIGRANTS FROM PAKISTAN (05 DEC. TO 18 DEC. 2021)

SETTLEMENT TYPE LEGEND



DISTRICTS OF ORIGIN IN PAKISTAN OF RETURNEES



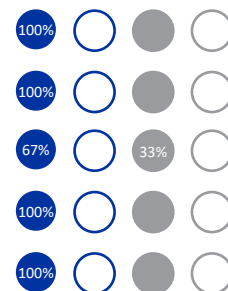
LEGEND



ORIGIN DISTRICT

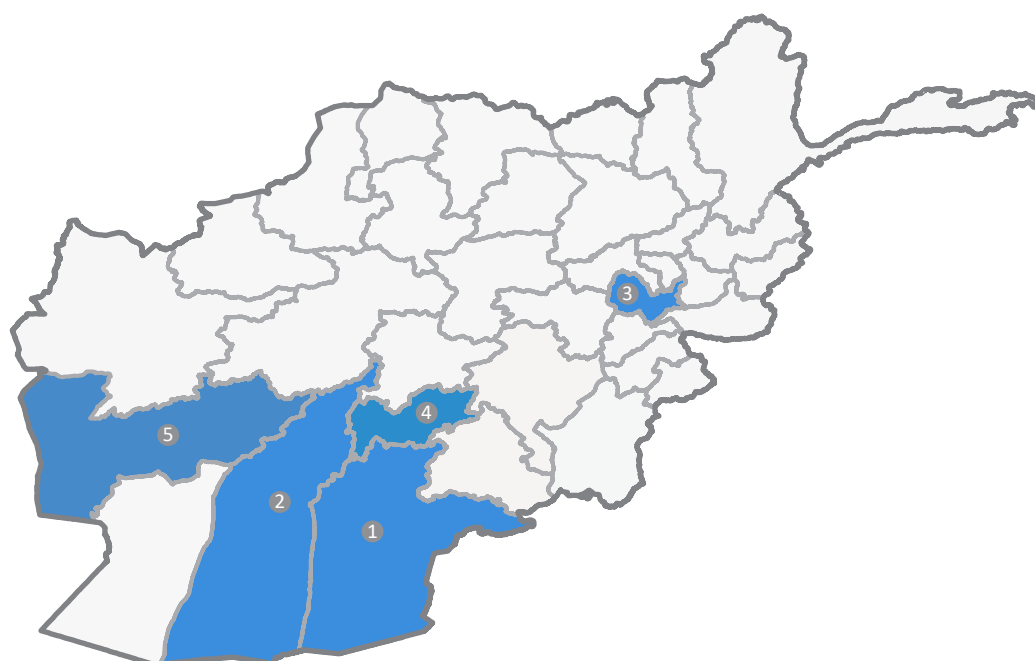
1. Killa Abdullah	.....51%
2. Quetta	.....33%
3. Pishin	.....13%
4. Chagai	.....2%
5. Karachi	.....1%

SETTLEMENT TYPE

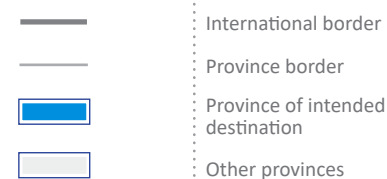


Disclaimer:
Dotted line represents approximately the line of control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties. The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM or United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

PROVINCES OF INTENDED DESTINATION



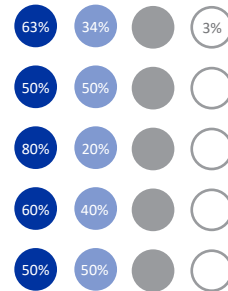
LEGEND



INTENDED PROVINCE

1. Kandahar	.....87%
2. Hilmand	.....4%
3. Kabul	.....3%
4. Uruzgan	.....3%
5. Farah	.....1%

SETTLEMENT TYPE



Note:
This map and the following legend focus on the top 5 provinces of intended destination in Afghanistan during the reporting period of 05 Dec. to 18 Dec. 2021.

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